#### **SECTION 1- PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

PRODUCT NAME TRIPLE-SAN

**SYNONYMS** Product is a mixture: No synonyms are available

PRODUCT USE Highly Acidic Material SUPPLIER WESMAR CO. INC.

SUPPLIER'S ADDRESS 5720 204<sup>TH</sup> ST. SW, LYNNWOOD, WA 98036

(206) 783-5344

**EMERGENCY RESPONSE PHONE** PERS: 1-800-633-8253



#### **SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

GHS – US CLASSIFICATION : H290 Metal corrosion Category 1

H302 Harmful if swallowed
 H314 Skin Corrosion Category 1A
 H318 Serious Eye Damage Category 1

: H370 STOT SE 1

HAZARD PICTOGRAMS :







SIGNAL WORD : DANGER

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS : The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System

(GHS).

GHS PHYSICAL HAZARDS : H290 May be corrosive to metals.

GHS HEALTH HAZARDS : H302 Harmful if swallowed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

: H318 Causes serious eye damage.

: H370 Causes damage to respiratory system by inhalation.

GHS PRECAUTIONARY HAZARDS : P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 Wash skin and contaminated clothing thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear suitable protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

P303+P361 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

+P353 clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

+P338 contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

: P305+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P330 Rinse mouth if ingested.

: P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

**CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM:** : NFPA/HMIS Definitions: 0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme.

NFPA ratings (scale 0-4): : Health = 3, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 1 HMIS ratings (scale 0-5): : Health = 3, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 1

#### **SECTION 3 – COMPOSITON/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**CHEMICAL CHARACTERIZATION**: Mixtures

**DESCRIPTION**: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

COMPONENT	PERCENT	CAS#	EC#	GHS CLASS	
Phosphoric acid	5-10	7664-38-2	231-633-2	Skin Corr Cat 1B, Eye Dam Cat 1	
Sulfuric acid	5-10	7664-93-9	331-639-5	Skin Corr Cat 1A, Eye Dam Cat 1 STOT SE 3, Metal Corr Cat 1	
Propionic acid	Proprietary	79-09-4	201-176-3	Not Found	
Capric acid	Proprietary	334-48-5	206-376-4	Not Found	
Pelargonic acid	Proprietary	112-05-0	203-931-2	Not Found	

Corr. = Corrosion, Cat = Category, Tox = Toxicity, Inhal. = Inhalation, Dam = Damage, STOT SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure. Also contains non hazardous biodegradable surfactant(s).

#### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

**EYE CONTACT**: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open to

ensure adequate flushing. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so.

Continue rinsing. Immediate call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

**SKIN CONTACT**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash affected skin area with water for

at least 15 minutes. Delayed skin damage is possible if product is not completely washed off. Get immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before

reuse.

SWALLOWING (INGESTION) : If ingested, dilute swallowed material by drinking water. DO NOT INDUCE

VOMITING. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediate

call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

**INHALATION**: When symptoms occur, go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Remove to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER/doctor/physician.

GENERAL MEASURES : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rescue personnel must

wear appropriate protective equipment during removal of victims from

contaminated areas. Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### **SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA** : Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical

SPECIAL HAZARDS (FIRE) : Not flammable. Contains sodium hypochlorite which may act as an oxidizer in some

cases intensifying a fire.

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS**: Product is not explosive.

**REACTIVITY (FIRE)**: Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. If the product is involved in a

fire, it can release explosive hydrogen gas. When heated to decomposition, emits

toxic fumes. May be corrosive to metals.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO FIRE FIGHTERS

**PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES** : Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**FIREFIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS**: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

PROTECTION DURING : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory

FIREFIGHTING protection

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION**: Potassium oxides. May liberate toxic gases. Sodium oxides. Phosphorous oxides.

**PRODUCTS** Nitrogen oxides. Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Explosive Hydrogen gas.

**OTHER INFORMATION (FIRE)**: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### **SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

PERSONAL PRECAUSTIONS,
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND
EMERGENCY PROCEDURES
ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

: Restrict access to keep out unauthorized or unprotected personnel. Wear protective equipment. Avoid inhalation and direct contact.

METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN UP

Keep spilled material away from sewage/drainage systems and waterways. If amounts exceeding the Reportable Quantity (5000 lbs. as phosphoric acid) are released, notification of the National Response Center (800) 424-8802 is required. See section15 for more information.

All clean-up personnel must be properly trained. Confine the spill and remove incompatible materials and ignition sources. Ensure adequate ventilation. Secure the source of the leak if conditions are safe. Neutralize spill and collect using an appropriate absorbent material such as clay or vermiculite. Place waste in an appropriate container for disposal. Use care during clean-up to avoid exposure to the material and injury from broken containers.

#### **SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE**

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.

**CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE** 

Store in a dry, cool and well ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep/store away from extremely high or low temperatures, direct sunlight, heat and incompatible materials (Strong acid, Strong oxidizers).









### **SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**TLV (THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE)** 

The TLV in section in section III is the ACGIH/TLV-TWA (threshold limit value/time weighted average concentration for an eight hour work day). The STEL is the short term exposure limit and the (Ceil) is the ceiling limit.

COMPONENT	USA OSHA PEL – TWA	USA ACGIH TWA	USA ACGIH – STEL
Phosphoric Acid	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1mg/m³	3mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Sulfuric Acid	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Propionic acid	10 ppm (30mg/m³)	10 ppm	Not Established
Capric acid	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Pelargonic acid	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

**EYE PROTECTION** 

: Wear chemical splash goggles or face shield.

**SKIN PROTECTION** 

: Minimize contact with product. Wear chemical resistant coveralls, boots, gloves, apron and/or suitable long-sleeved clothing.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

: In case of brief exposure use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure, use respiratory protective device that is independent of circulating air.

**VENTILATION** 

Ensure adequate ventilation.

ADDITIONAL MEASURES : Emergency eyewash and safety shower facilities should be available in the

immediate work area.

**REQUIRED WORK/HYGIENE**: Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Keep away from all food stuffs, beverages

and feed. Do not eat, drink or smoke in work area.

#### **SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**APPEARANCE** : Clear colorless liquid with distinct odor.

ODOR : Mild odor
ODOR THRESHOLD : Not available
PH : 2.0 - 3.0 AS IS
MELTING POINT/FREEZING : Not available

**POINT** 

BOILING POINT: Not availableFLASHPOINT: Not applicableEVAPORATION RATE: Not available

FLAMMABILITY : Non flammable, Non combustible

LOWER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT : Not applicable
UPPER FLAMMABILITY LIMIT : Not applicable
VAPOR PRESSURE : Not available
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1) : Not available
RELATIVE DENSITY : 1.15

SOLUBILITY IN WATER : Soluble in water

PARTITION COEFFICIENT n-

OCTANOL/WATER

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE : Not available
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE : Not available

#### **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**REACTIVITY**: Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. If the product is involved in a

fire, it can release explosion hydrogen gas. When heated to decomposition, emits

toxic fumes. May be corrosive to metals.

**STABILITY** : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Not available

HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS TO :

AVOID

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Heat. Combustible materials.

Incompatible materials.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS : Chlorinated products such as bleach, alkaline materials, metals, metal powder,

carbides, chlorates, fumigates, nitrates, picrates, strong oxidizers, reducing or combustible organic material. Hazardous gases are evolved on contact with

chemicals such as chlorine bleach, cyanides, sulfides and carbides.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

**PRODUCTS** 

Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. Toxic

gases. Hydrogen gas. Nitrogen oxides. Phosphorous oxides. Sodium oxides.

Potassium oxides.

#### **SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Phosphoric Acid

ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY : LD50 (rat) is greater than 1,530 mg/kg; not acutely toxic by oral exposure. (TFI

Product Testing Results, OECD Guideline 425).

**ACUTE DERMAL TOXICITY** : LD50 (rat) is greater than 3,160 mg/kg (ppm); not acutely toxic by dermal exposure.

(TFI Product Testing Results, OECD Guideline 402).

**ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY** : LC50 (guinea pig, mouse, rat, rabbit) is 61-1,689 mg/m3; highly toxic by inhalation.

(TFI Product Testing Results)

**ACUTE FISH TOXICITY** : 96-hour LC<sub>50</sub> is 3.0-3.5 mg/L (ppm); moderate toxicity to aquatic organisms. (TFI

Product testing Results, OECD Guideline 203).

**TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**ACUTE TOXICITY** 

: Sulfuric Acid

: Liquid and mist cause severe irritation and burns to all body tissue. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Inhalation may cause lung damage. Avoid breathing vapor.

ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY
ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY
REPEATED DOSE TOXICITY

LD50 Oral (rat) 2140mg/kg.LC50 Inhalation (rat) 510mg/kg.

: Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause nosebleeds, nasal congestion, erosion of the teeth, perforation of the nasal septum, chest pain and bronchitis. Prolonged

or repeated eye contact may cause conjunctivitis.

**CARCINOGENICITY** 

SPECIAL REMARKS: TOXIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS

Not a known carcinogen

The severity of damage depends on the concentration of the acid and the duration of the exposure. Contact with water will generate considerable heat. Contact with

most metals will generate flammable hydrogen gas.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**ACUTE TOXICITY** 

Propionic Acid

LD50 Oral (rat): 400 mg/kg. LC50 Inhalation (rat): 19.7 mg/L.

**CARCINOGENICITY (IARC)** : Not listed as a carcinogen.

**TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**ACUTE TOXICITY** 

Capric Acid

LD50 Oral (rat): 3320 mg/kg. LD50 Dermal (rabbit): 5000 mg/kg.

**CARCINOGENICITY (IARC)** : Not listed as a carcinogen.

**TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**ACUTE TOXICITY** 

CARCINOGENICITY (IARC)

Pelargonic Acid

: LD50 Oral (rat): 5000 mg/kg.: Not listed as a carcinogen.

#### **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

: Phosphoric Acid

AQUATIC TOXICITY

Mild water pollutant (surface water). May cause eutrophication. Toxic to plankton. Slightly harmful to bacteria. Slightly harmful to aquatic organisms. pH shift. Insufficient data available on eco-toxicity. LC50/96hour:138mg/L (Gambusia Afinis).

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

No relevant information available.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL NOTES

No relevant information available.

: Water hazard class 1 (Self assessment): slightly hazardous for water. Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of this product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach bodies of water or drainage ditch undiluted or un-neutralized. Rinsing larger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to decreased pH-values. A low pH-value harms aquatic

organisms.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY : Sulfuric Acid

: Gambusia affinis (Mosquito Fish): 96 hour LC50 42 mg/l

: The acid will permeate soil, dissolving some soil material and will be somewhat neutralized. High water solubility. Sulfuric acid dissociates in water and it will lower pH. It will be neutralized by naturally alkalinity of surface water

**ENVIRONMENTAL ADVERSE** 

**EFFECTS** 

Toxic to aquatic life. Acidic substance leading to a lower pH. However, pH will increase rather quickly because of dilution until an ecological neutral product is

obtained. Fatal to aquatic life due to pH shift.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Propionic Acid

**ECOTOXICITY-FRESH WATER** : EC50 = 43 mg/L 96 h

**ALGAE** EC50 = 45.8 mg/L 72 h

**ECOTOXICITY-MICROTOX** : EC50 = 59.6 mg/L 17 h

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Capric Acid

**ECOTOXICITY-MICROTOX** : EC50 = 11.2 mg/L 5 min

EC50 = 9.0 mg/L 25 min EC50 = 9.31 mg/L 15 min

**ECOTOXICITY-WATER FLEA** : EC50 = 65 mg/L 24 h

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION : Pelargonic Acid
AQUATIC TOXICITY : Not Found
ENVIRONMENTAL FATE : Not Found

#### **SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

WASTE DISPOSAL
RECOMMENDATIONS

: This product must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, state and local environmental regulations. Discarded materials may be considered hazardous waste due to pH/corrosivity. It is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal whether a material containing, or derived from this product,

should be classified as a hazardous waste.

**ECOLOGY-WASTE MATERIALS** 

This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and

waterways.

#### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

DOT/IMDG/ IATA PROPER : UN3264, CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC,

SHIPPING NAME N.O.S. (SULFURIC ACID, PHOSPHORIC ACID) 8, PGII

HAZARD CLASS AND LABEL : 8 (Corrosive)
UN NUMBER : UN3264
PACKAGING GROUP : PGII

EPA REPORTABLE QUANTITY : 1000 LBS. (454 KG) as Sulfuric or Hydrochloric acid

(RQ) 100%.

MARINE POLLUTANT : No

EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE : ERG-154



#### **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **U.S. FEDERAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:**

LISTED CARCINOGEN : Not listed

TSC STATUS : The ingredients of this product are listed on TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)

inventory (40CFR 710.)

**SARA SECTION 302** : 1,000 lbs.

SARA SECTION 311/312 : Immediate (acute) health hazard. Reactive hazard.

**HAZARD CLASS** 

SARA SECTION 313 : Sulfuric acid (as mist)

NFPA HEALTH : 3 NFPA FLAMMABILITY : 0 NFPA REACTIVITY : 1

### **EUROPEAN UNION REGULATORY INFORMATION:**

EC CLASSIFICATION : C: Corrosive, Xn: Harmful.

DSD/DPD RISK (R) PHRASES : R34: Causes severe burns.



R22: Harmful is swallowed.

**DSD/DPD SAFETY (S) PHRASES** : S1/2: Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

S18: Handle and open containers with care.

S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

S36/S37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and

eye/face protection.

S45: In case of accidents or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately. Show label where possible.

S61: Avoid release to the environment.

S64: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water if victim is conscious.

**DSD/DPD HAZARD SYMBOL** : C: Corrosive, Xn: Harmful

#### **CANADIAN REGULATORY INFORMATION**

WHMIS CATEGORY : Class E: Corrosive, Class D2B: Materials that cause other

toxic effects (TOXIC).

DOMESTIC SUBSTANCES LIST

(DSL)

Listed

Listed

Class D1A: (Sulfuric acid) Poisonous and infectious material – Immediate and serious effects Very TOXIC.



DOMESTIC SUBSTANCES LIST

(DSL)

**INGREDIENT DISCLOSURE LIST** 

Listed, This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the sds contains all of the

information required by the CPR.

### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

**DISCLAIMER** : The information contained herein has been compiled from sources believed to be

realiable and accurate to the best of our knowledge at this date. It is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, as to the results of use of this information or to the product to which it relates. Wesmar Co. assumes no responsibility for injury to any person or property resulting from any use of the material. Each user assumes the risk in their use of this product and should review the data and recommendations in the

specific context of their intended use.

CERCLA : Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act.

EINECS : European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

IMDG
 International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
 IARC
 International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA
 International Air Transportation Association

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

NFPA : National Fire Protection Association (USA)

NTP : National Toxicology Program

SARA : Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

TSCA : Toxic Substances Control Act

HMIS : Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)WHMIS : Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

**LC50** : Lethal concentration, 50 percent

**LD50** : Lethal dose, 50 percent

**STOT** : Systemic Target Organ Toxicity

**DATE PREPARED** : MAR 1, 2015 **DATE REVISED** : OCT 12, 2018